Unit 4: Human Impact and Sustainability

Overview: In this unit students construct an explanation based on evidence for how the availability of natural resources, occurrence of natural hazards are connected to human activity. Additionally, while students are exploring this idea they apply scientific and engineering ideas to create solutions that can be use do minimize the impacts of natural hazards. They develop a conceptual understanding of the relationships among management of natural resources, the sustainability of human populations, and biodiversity. Students will illustrate the relationships among Earth systems and how those relationships are being modified due to human activity, and evaluate solutions to reduce the impact of human activities on natural systems.

Overview	Standards for Science	Unit Focus	Essential Questions
<u>Unit 4</u>	• HS-ESS3-1	Identify major air pollutants and their sources.	How are human activities influence the
TT T	• HS-ESS3-3	Describe the impact of air pollutants on human health.	global ecosystem?
Human Imapet and HS-LS4-6 • HS-LS4-6 • List the major water pollutants and their human and environmental health.	List the major water pollutants and their sources and relate them to human and environmental health.	• Is the damage done to the global life	
Sustainability	• HS-ESS3-4	Describe environmental conditions and human activities that cause	support system reversible?
	• HS-ESS3-6	groundwater pollution.	How can the impacts of human
	• HS-ETS1-3	Relate the importance of wetlands to the health of aquatic	activities on natural systems be
	• WIDA 1, 4	ecosystems, especially estuaries.	reduced?
	, -	• Identify how land is used and how land use affects ecosystems.	
		• Summarize the positive and negative effects of urban planning.	
		• Explain the negative effects of agriculture on the land and the	
		benefits of sustainable agriculture.	
		Describe the characteristics of soil composition.	
		Identify underlying reasons for solid waste pollution.	
		Compare and contrast biodegradable and nonbiodegradable wastes	
		and their significance in landfills.	
		Compare and contrast the advantages and disadvantages of	
		nonrenewable and renewable resources.	
		• List the major types of renewable resources and compare their	
		advantages and disadvantages (solar, wind, water, geothermal,	
		biomass, tidal power, etc.)	
		Summarize the recent advances in alternative fuel research.	

Unit 4: Human Impact and Sustainability

Unit 4: Enduring Understandings

- Resource vitality has guided the development of human society.
- Natural hazards and other geologic events have significantly altered the sizes of human populations and have driven human migration.
- Empirical evidence is required to differentiate between cause and correlation and make claims about how the availability of natural resources, occurrence of natural hazards, and changes in climate have influenced human activities.
- Changes in the atmosphere due to human activity have increased carbon dioxide concentrations and thus affect climate.
- Changes in climate can affect population or drive mass migration.
- Changes in the physical environment, whether naturally occurring or human induced, have
 contributed to the expansion of some species, the emergence of new distinct species as populations
 diverge under different conditions, and the decline—and sometimes the extinction—of some
 species.
- Current models predict that, although future regional climate changes will be complex and will vary, average global temperatures will continue to rise.
- Humans depend on the living world for the resources and other benefits provided by biodiversity.
 But human activity is also having adverse impacts on biodiversity through overpopulation, overexploitation, habitat destruction, pollution, introduction of invasive species, and climate change.
- Thus sustaining biodiversity so that ecosystems' functioning and productivity are maintained is
 essential to supporting and enhancing life on Earth. Sustaining biodiversity also aids humanity by
 preserving landscapes of recreational or inspirational value.
- Scientist and engineers can make major contributions by developing technologies that produce less pollution and waste and that preclude ecosystem degradation.
- Engineers continuously modify these systems to increase benefits while decreasing costs and risks.
- When evaluating solutions, it is important to take into account a range of constraints, including costs, safety, reliability, and aesthetics, and to consider social, cultural, and environmental impacts.

Curriculum	Standards		Pacing	
Unit 4			Days	Unit Days
Unit 4:	HS-ESS3-1	Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the availability of natural resources, occurrence of natural hazards, and changes in climate have influenced human activity.	7	
Human Impact and	HS-ESS3-3	S-ESS3-3 Create a computational simulation to illustrate the relationships among management of natural resources, the sustainability of human populations, and biodiversity.		
Sustainability	HS-LS4-6 Create or revise a simulation to test a solution to mitigate adverse impacts of human activity on biodiversity.		7	
	HS-ESS3-4	Evaluate or refine a technological solution that reduces impacts of human activities on natural systems.	7	43
	HS-ESS3-6	Use a computational representation to illustrate the relationships among Earth systems and how those relationships are being modified due to human activity.	7	
	HS-ETS1-3	Evaluate a solution to a complex real-world problem based on prioritized criteria and tradeoffs that account for a range of constraints, including cost, safety, and reliability, and aesthetics, as well as possible social, cultural, and environmental impacts.	7	
		Assessment, Re-teach and Extension	2	

Unit 4 - Environmental Science CP/General						
Disciplinary Core Ideas	Indicator #	Indicator				
ESS3.A: Natural Resources Resource availability has guided the development of human society. (HS-ESS3-1) ESS3.B: Natural Hazards	HS-ESS3-1	Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the availability of natural resources, occurrence of natural hazards, and changes in climate have influenced human activity.				
Natural hazards and other geologic events have shaped the course of human history; [they] have significantly altered the sizes of human populations and have driven human migrations. (HS-ESS3-1) ESS3.C: Human Impacts on Earth Systems	HS-ESS3-3	Create a computational simulation to illustrate the relationships among management of natural resources, the sustainability of human populations, and biodiversity.				
The sustainability of human societies and the biodiversity that supports them requires responsible management of natural resources. (HS-ESS3-3)	HS-LS4-6	Create or revise a simulation to test a solution to mitigate adverse impacts of human activity on biodiversity.				
Scientists and engineers can make major contributions by developing technologies that produce less pollution and waste and that preclude ecosystem degradation. (HS-ESS3-4)	HS-ESS3-4	Evaluate or refine a technological solution that reduces impacts of human activities on natural systems.				
ESS3.D: Global Climate Change Through computer simulations and other studies, important discoveries are still being made about how the ocean, the atmosphere, and the biosphere interact and are modified in response to human activities. (HS-ESS3-6)	HS-ESS3-6	Use a computational representation to illustrate the relationships among Earth systems and how those relationships are being modified due to human activity.				
LS4.D: Biodiversity and Humans Humans depend on the living world for the resources and other benefits provided by biodiversity. But human activity is also having adverse impacts on biodiversity through overpopulation, overexploitation, habitat destruction, pollution, introduction of invasive species, and climate change. Thus sustaining biodiversity so that ecosystem functioning and productivity are maintained is essential to supporting and enhancing life on Earth. Sustaining biodiversity also aids humanity by preserving landscapes of recreational or inspirational value. (HS-LS4-6) ETS1.B: Developing Possible Solutions When evaluating solutions, it is important to take into account a range of constraints, including cost, safety, reliability, and aesthetics, and to consider social, cultural, and environmental impacts. (HS-ETS1-3)	HS-ETS1-3	Evaluate a solution to a complex real-world problem based on prioritized criteria and tradeoffs that account for a range of constraints, including cost, safety, and reliability, and aesthetics, as well as possible social, cultural, and environmental impacts.				

$Wins low Township School \, District$

Environmental Science CP/General

Unit 4 – Environmental Science CP/General					
Assessment Plan					
Exploratory activities	• Quizzes and Tests				
Warm-up/Ticket Out activities	Authentic assessments and projects				
Class discussions	Exploratory activities				
Student Participation	• Presentations				
• Teacher Observations	Lecture Notes				
• Virtual/Hands-On Labs	• Think-Pair-Share				
• Self-Test Assessments	Graphic Organizers				
Scientist Timeline Activity	Study Questions at the end of each chapter Making Chairmand Critical Thinking of the and of each chapter.				
Clinical Case Study Analysis	Multiple Choice and Critical Thinking at the end of each chapter				
Diversity, Equity & Inclusion Educational Resources	Activities				
•Chromebooks	• Use various forms of expository writing-procedural writing, narrative				
•Textbook ("Genetics: A Conceptual Approach, 6 th ed by Benjamin A. Pierce)	writing, descriptive writing, labeling, as well as to create visuals, graphs,				
•Web Quests	tables, diagrams and charts.				
•Virtual Field Trips	• Use scientific argumentation with exercises on writing claims, using evidence				
•Video Streaming	to support your claim and explaining the reasoning behind their claim.				
• <u>BrainPOP</u>	• Mini-lessons				
Puzzlemaker: Game Based Learning Discovery Education	• Independent reading				
	• Films				
	Website exploration				
	Discussions, dialogues				
	• Debates				
	Laboratory experiments Partner or graph group work				
	Partner or small group work Student presentations reports journals reflections				
	 Student presentations, reports, journals, reflections In-class assessments 				
	Written reports, essays, research, and homework				

$Winslow Township School \, District$

Environmental Science CP/General

Instructional Best Practices and Exemplars		
6. Cooperative learning		
7. Setting objectives and providing feedback		
8. Generating and testing hypotheses		
9. Cues, questions, and advance organizers		
10. Manage response rates		

$Winslow Township School \, District$

Environmental Science CP/General

Unit 4: Human Impact and Sustainability

9.1 Personal Financial Literacy, 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, Preparation and Training & 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills

- 9.2.12.CAP.3: Investigate how continuing education contributes to one's career and personal growth.
- 9.4.12.CI.1: Demonstrate the ability to reflect, analyze, and use creative skills and ideas
- 9.4.12.CT.1: Identify problem-solving strategies used in the development of an innovative product or practice
- 9.4.12.CT.2: Explain the potential benefits of collaborating to enhance critical thinking and problem solving
- 9.4.12.DC.8: Explain how increased network connectivity and computing capabilities of everyday objects allow for innovative technological approaches to climate protection.
- 9.4.12.GCA.1: Collaborate with individuals to analyze a variety of potential solutions to climate change effects and determine why some solutions (e.g., political. economic, cultural) may work better than others
- 9.4.12.IML.5: Evaluate, synthesize, and apply information on climate change from various sources appropriately
- 9.4.12.TL.2: Generate data using formula-based calculations in a spreadsheet and draw conclusions about the data.

The implementation of the 21st Century skills and standards for students of the Winslow Township District is infused in an interdisciplinary format in a variety of curriculum areas that include, English language Arts, Mathematics, School Guidance, Social Studies, Technology, Visual and Performing Arts, Science, Physical Education and Health, and World Language.

Additional opportunities to address 9.1, 9.2 & 9.4:

Philadelphia Mint

https://www.usmint.gov/learn/kids/resources/educational-standards

Different ways to teach Financial Literacy.

https://www.makeuseof.com/tag/10-interactive-financial-websites-teach-kids-money-management-skills/

${\bf Winslow\,Township\,School\,District}$

Environmental Science CP/General

Unit 4: Human Impact and Sustainability

Modifications for Special Education/504

Students with special needs: The students' needs will be addressed on an individual and grade level using a variety of modalities. Accommodations will be made for those students who need extra time to complete assignment. Support staff will be available to aid students related to IEP specifications. 504 accommodations will also be attended to by all instructional leaders. Physical expectations and modifications, alternative assessments, and scaffolding strategies will be used to support this learning. The use of Universal Design for Learning (UDL) will be considered for all students as teaching strategies are considered.

- Small group instruction
- Audio books/Text-to-speech platforms
- Leveled texts/Vocabulary Readers
- Leveled informational texts via online
- Modeling and guided practice
- Read directions aloud
- Repeat, rephrase and clarify directions
- Extended time as needed
- Break down assignments into smaller units
- Provide shortened assignments
- Modify testing format
- Repeat directions as needed
- Graphic organizers
- Study Guides, Study Aids and Re teaching as needed

${\bf Winslow\,Township\,School\,District}$

Environmental Science CP/General

Unit 4: Human Impact and Sustainability

Modifications for At-Risk Students

Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success. At first signs of failure, student work will be reviewed to determine support. This may include parent consultation, basic skills review and differentiation strategies. With considerations to UDL, time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations

- Audio books and Text-to-speech platforms
- Leveled texts/Vocabulary Readers
- Leveled informational texts via online
- Extended time as needed
- Read directions aloud
- Assist with organization
- Use of computer
- Emphasize/highlight key concepts
- Recognize success
- Provide timelines for work completion
- Break down multi-step tasks into smaller chunks
- Provide copy of class notes and graphic organizer

$Winslow Township School \, District$

Environmental Science CP/General

Winslow Township School District

Environmental Science CP/General

Unit 4: Human Impact and Sustainability

- Identifying authors' precision and accuracy in classifications, comparisons, accounts, or procedures as a result of clear language choices
- Process <u>arguments</u> by...
 - Evaluating word choice and nuance as tools for distinguishing facts, claims, reasoned judgment, and opinions
- \circ $\;$ Identifying the logical connections among claims, counterclaims, reasons, and evidence $Writing\dots$
- Recount by...
 - o Summarizing content-related notes from lectures or readings
 - o Producing research reports using multiple sources of information
- Explain by...
 - Developing ideas about phenomena with relevant and sufficient facts, extended descriptions, concrete details, or quotations
 - Maintaining discipline-specific patterns that bridge across key uses (e.g., explanation to argument in history, explanation to recount for information reports)
- Argue by..
 - Evaluating positive and negative implications associated with various positions (e.g., historical events, scientific discoveries, individuals)
 - Organizing information logically and coherently to represent contrasting views

Oral Language...

- <u>Discuss</u> by...
 - Identifying and reacting to subtle differences in speech and register (e.g., hyperbole, satire, comedy)
 - o Producing coherent oral discourse appropriate to task, purpose, and audience
 - Synthesizing and sharing information from a variety of sources and perspectives

Students will be provided with accommodations and modifications that may include:

- Relate to and identify commonalities in Social Studies and science in student's home country
- Assist with organization
- Use of computer
- Emphasize/highlight key concepts
- Teacher Modeling
- Peer Modeling
- Label Classroom Materials Word Walls

$Winslow \, Township \, School \, District$

Environmental Science CP/General

Unit 4: Human Impact and Sustainability

Interdisciplinary Connections

English Language Arts/Literacy

- 1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to important distinctions the author makes and to any gaps or inconsistencies in the account. **RST.11-12.1** (HS-LS2-1),(HS-LS2-6)
- 2. Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem. **RST.11-12.7** (HS-LS2-6)
- 3. Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information. **RST.11-12.8** (HS-LS2-6)
- 4. Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible. **RST.11-12.9** (HS-ETS1-1),(HS-ETS1-3)
- 5. Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes. **WHST.9-12.2** (HS-LS2-1),(HS-LS2-2)
- 6. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. **WHST.9-12.7** (HS-LS1-3)
- 7. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation. **WHST.11-12.8** (HS-LS1-3)
- 8. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. **WHST.9-12.9** (HS-LS1-1)
- 9. WIDA Standards 1 English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting
- 10. **WIDA Standards 4** English language learners communicate information, ideas, and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of science
- 11. Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest. **SL.11-12.5** (HS-LS1-2)

Unit 4: Human Impact and Sustainability

Mathematics

- 1. Reason abstractly and quantitatively. **MP.2** (HS-LS2-1),(HS-LS2-2),(HS-LS2-6)
- 2. Model with mathematics. **MP.4** (HS-LS2-1),(HS-LS2-2)
- 3. Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multi-step problems; choose and interpret units consistently in formulas; choose and interpret the scale and the origin in graphs and data displays. **HSN.Q.A.1** (HS-LS2-1),(HS-LS2-2)
- 4. Define appropriate quantities for the purpose of descriptive modeling. **HSN.Q.A.2** (HS-LS2-1),(HS-LS2-2)
- 5. Choose a level of accuracy appropriate to limitations on measurement when reporting quantities. **HSN.Q.A.3** (HS-LS2-1),(HS-LS2-2)
- 6. Represent data with plots on the real number line. HSS-ID.A.1 (HS-LS2-6)
- 7. Understand statistics as a process for making inferences about population parameters based on a random sample from that population. **HSS-IC.A.1** (HS-LS2-6)

Integration of Computer Science and Design Thinking NJSLS 8

8.1.12.DA.1: Create interactive data visualizations using software tools to help others better understand real world phenomena, including climate change.